

A brief Overview of NNP, Assam

Based on the parameters of piped water supply and household water connection, GOI identified Assam, Bihar, Jharkhand and U.P. as the four most lagging states in the country. Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation (MoDWS) and the World Bank have jointly developed the – Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project for Low Income States (RWSS-LIS) with an objective to ‘improve piped water supply and sanitation services for selected rural communities in the target states through decentralized service delivery systems’.

The RWSSP-LIS(renamed as Neer Nirmal Pariyojana) is being implemented in the four states i.e. Assam, Bihar, Jharkhand, and Uttar Pradesh.

In Assam, Rural Water Supply & Sanitation Project for Low Income States has been taken in Seven Districts of Assam in two batches during the period 2013-2020.

Batch-I: 3 Large Multi village Schemes one each in Hailakandi, Jorhat and Kamrup (M) district are being implemented with a total project cost of Rs. 676.03 Crore.

Coverage:

Population: 5,89,283

Gaon Panchayat: 63nos.

Development Blocks: 7 nos.

Batch-II:4 nos. of LMVS project in Morigaon, Bongaigaon, Sonitpur & Sivasagar district will be taken up with tentative estimated cost is Rs.822.67 Crore.

Coverage:

Population: 8,43,481

Gaon Panchayat: 99nos.

Development Blocks: 9 nos.

The objective of the project is to ‘Provide improved piped water supply and sanitation services for selected rural communities in the target states through decentralized service delivery systems.

Following are some of the benefits of the project:-

- Improved water availability.
- Reduction in time spent in collecting water.
- Improved sanitation services, including environmental sanitation.
- Reduction in the incidence of diseases, particularly diarrhoea, malaria, encephalitis, and dengue.

The project is implemented in two different sections the Construction Period is 3 years and the O&M period is 5 years. In the construction period the construction related works for the project will be completed, and in O&M period the project will be operated and maintained by the construction company

To achieve the goal, the project enhanced community ownership through token community contribution towards capital expenditure is envisaged. Community contribution will form about 1% of total Project cost.

An amount of Rs. 450 per household will be collected as an upfront, one-time, contribution from the beneficiary household (Rs. 225 for SC/ST household) as Capital Expenditure (CAPEX) Contributions.

Scheme Detail

Kamrup

Kamrup Metropolitan District is the capital district of Assam. Kamrup district occupies an area of 4,345 square kilometers (1,678 sq mi) with a total Population (As per 2011 Census) of 12,53,938.

Name of the Scheme: Composite WSS for Sustainability & Quality in Chandrapur&Dimoria Dev. Block

Location: Kamrup (M) District, Assam.

Area to be covered:

Dimoria: The area to be covered by the project is complete area of Digaru Development Block of Kamrup District spanning between North latitude 26°0' to 26°15' and East 91°50' to 92°10'. All total 484 Habitations of 145 Villages in 12 GPs of the development block shall be benefited by the project.

Chandrapur:The area to be covered by the project is complete area of Chandrapur Development Block of Kamrup District spanning between North latitude 26°10' to 26°16' and East Longitude 91°51' to 92°30'. All total 194 Habitations of 45 Villages in 4 GPs of the development block shall be benefited by the project.

Name of Block	No.	Name of Gaon Panchayat
Chandrapur	1	Amsing
Chandrapur	2	Chandrapur
Chandrapur	3	PachimMayong
Chandrapur	4	Panikhaiti
Dimoria	5	Digaru
Dimoria	6	Barkhat
Dimoria	7	Baruahbari
Dimoria	8	Dhupguri
Dimoria	9	Hahara
Dimoria	10	Kamarkuchi
Dimoria	11	Khetri
Dimoria	12	Maloibari
Dimoria	13	Nartap
Dimoria	14	Sonapur
Dimoria	15	Tapatoli
Dimoria	16	Tetelia

Hailakandi

The Hailakandi district is situated in the southernmost part of Assam. The distance of the state capital Guwahati from the district Head Quarter is about 330 Km. With a geographical area of 1327 Sq. Km, the district is bounded by River Barak & Cachar district in the North and East, State of Mizoram in the South and East and Karimganj district in the west. The interstate border is stretched over 76 KM in the south east

Name of the Scheme: Greater Algapur – Hailakandi Water Supply Scheme in Algapur and Hailakandi Development Block of Hailakandi District

Location: Hailakandi District, Assam.

Area to be covered : The area to be covered by the project is complete area of Algapur and Hailakandi Development Block of Hailakandi District spanning between North latitude 24°40' to 24°51' and East 92°31' to 92°40' . All total 233 Habitations of 14 GPs of these two development block shall be benefited by the project.

Name of Block	No.	Name of Gaon Panchayat
Hailakandi	1	Bhatirkupa
Hailakandi	2	Boalipar
Hailakandi	3	ChandpurUjankupa
Hailakandi	4	GangaparDhumkarLakhirbond
Algapur	5	Algapur
Algapur	6	Bashbari
Algapur	7	Bakrihawar
Algapur	8	Chandipur
Algapur	9	Chiparsangan
Algapur	10	Mohanpur
Algapur	11	North Narainpur
Algapur	12	Syedbond
Algapur	13	Uttar Kanchanpur
Algapur	14	West Mohonpur

Jorhat

Jorhat is an administrative district of Assam, located in the central part of Brahmaputra Valley. The district is bounded by Lakhimpur district on north, Nagaland state on the south, Sivasagar on the east and Golaghat on the west. On the North of the district, the river Brahmaputra forms the largest riverine island of the world. At Present, the district is spreading over 2851 sq. km. with a population of 1,092,256(2011 census) and a density of 383 persons sq. km.

Name of the Scheme: Composite Water Supply Scheme for sustainability & Quality in Jorhat, Jorhat Central and Jorhat North West Development Block of Jorhat District

Location: Jorhat District, Assam.

Area to be covered: The area to be covered by the project is complete area of Jorhat, Jorhat Central and Jorhat North West Development Block of Jorhat District spanning between North latitude 9405' to 94025' and East longitude 26036' to 26053'. All total 1045 Habitations in 163 villages of 33 GPs of these three development block shall be benefited by the project.

Name of Block	No.	Name of Gaon Panchayat
Jorhat	1	BaghchunghCharaibahi
Jorhat	2	Cinamara
Jorhat	3	DakhinCharaibahi
Jorhat	4	DakhinKaranga
Jorhat	5	Dakhin Pub Amani Charaibahi
Jorhat	6	Karanga
Jorhat	7	Madhya Katani
Jorhat	8	Madhya Namonicharaibahi
Jorhat	9	Uttar GarmurBagisha
Jorhat	10	DakhinKataniBagisha
Jorhat	11	Khongia
Jorhat	12	Madhya Khongia
Jorhat	13	Panichukuwa
Jorhat	14	UttarGarmur
Jorhat	15	Uttar Khongia
Jorhat	16	Uttar NamoniCharaibhai
Jorhat Central	17	ChowkhatHatigarh
Jorhat Central	18	GohainFesual
Jorhat Central	19	Jotokia
Jorhat Central	20	Meleng Bali Chapori
Jorhat Central	21	HolongaparBagan
Jorhat Central	22	Kakajan
Jorhat Central	23	PaschimHolongpara
Jorhat North West	24	Charingia
Jorhat North West	25	Baligaon
Jorhat North West	26	PaschimCharigaon
Jorhat North West	27	PachimSarucharai
Jorhat North West	28	Pub- Sarucharai
Jorhat North West	29	Rajahowli
Jorhat North West	30	Dhekorgorah
Jorhat North West	31	Madhya Sarucharai
Jorhat North West	32	Nowboichi
Jorhat North West	33	Pub-Charigaon

Bongaigaon

Bongaigaon district occupies an area of 1,724 square kilometres. This district is surrounded by Barpeta in the east, the Brahmaputra in the south and Chirang in the north and west corner. Location is in North Eastern Himalayan sub-region of India. Longitude range 89° East to 90° 96' East and Latitude range is 26° 28' North to 26° 54' North. The distance from state capital is 210 KMs.

List of 27 selected Gaon Panchayats (GPs) in Bongaigaon district under NNP

Name of the Block	Name of the GP	Name of the Sectional Officer assigned by PHE
BOITAMARI	DHANTOLA	Khanindra Narayan Das
	BOITAMARI	Khanindra Narayan Das
	BALAPARA	Hitesh Rabha
	CHALANTAPARA	Dilip Kumar Mallik
	GHILAGURI	Hitesh Rabha
	JOGIGHOPA	Dilip Kumar Mallik
	KABAITARI	Dilip Kumar Mallik
	KHAGARPUR	Hitesh Rabha
	LOUDUBI	Mir Abdus Salam
	SANKARGHOLA	Hitesh Rabha
	SOUTH BOITAMARI	Khanindra Narayan Das
	AMBARI BAREGARH	Mir Abdus Salam
	CHAKRABHUM	PhulendraNath Choudhury
	DEOHATI	PhulendraNath Choudhury
	KAKOIJANA	PhulendraNath Choudhury
	NORTH SALMARA	Dilip Kumar Mallik
	SRIJANGRAM	PhulendraNath Choudhury
TAPATTARY	BARJANA	IkramHussain
	BORIGAON	Mir Abdus Salam
	KALBARI	IkramHussain
	LENGTISINGA	Mir Abdus Salam
	MALEGARGH	IkramHussain
	MERERCHAR	IkramHussain
	NASATRA BAGHEKHAITI	IkramHussain
	PACHANIA KHARAGAON	IkramHussain
	PIRADHARA	IkramHussain
	SONTOSHPUR DUMERGURI	Mir Abdus Salam

Sivasagar

NeerNirmalPariyojana is proposed to cover the GPs under Amguri Sub Division covering two Development Blocks, namely Amguri and Gaurisagar. The Project under NeerNirmalPariyojana is named as "THE GREATER AMGURI AND GAURISAGAR WATER SUPPLY SCHEME". The Project is monitored by the PHE department of the District.

Office Address: Office of the Executive Engineer (PHE)
Sivasagar Division, MI Bora Road, Near SP office
Sivasagar-785640
Office of the Assistant Executive Engineer (PHE)

Amguri Sub Division, Amguri, Sivasagar
List of selected Gaon Panchayats (GPs) in Sivasagar District:

Name of Block	Name of GP
AMGURI	AMGURI
AMGURI	BARUAH ALI
AMGURI	BHUYAN HAT
AMGURI	BORAHIBARI
AMGURI	BORBAM
AMGURI	BORSILA
AMGURI	LALIM CHAPORI
AMGURI	NAMTI ALI
AMGURI	NAMTI DOL
AMGURI	PENGERA
GOURISAGAR	BARUA PUKHURI
GOURISAGAR	CHARING
GOURISAGAR	DEORAJA
GOURISAGAR	DIKHOWMUKH
GOURISAGAR	DIKSU
GOURISAGAR	HAFALUTING
GOURISAGAR	HATIGHULI
GOURISAGAR	HOLOGURI
GOURISAGAR	KAWOIMARI
GOURISAGAR	KHONAMUKH
GOURISAGAR	MOGORAHAT
GOURISAGAR	MORA BAZAR
GOURISAGAR	MUMAI TAMULI
GOURISAGAR	RONGPUR
GOURISAGAR	RUDRASAGAR

Morigaon

Bounded by the mighty Brahmaputra on the North, KarbiAnglong district on the South, Nagaon District on the East and Kamrup District on the West, the judiciary district Morigaon encompasses an area of 10,83,165 Bighas and 13 Lessas (1450.02 Sq. Kms). It became a fully-fledged district on 29 September 1989, when it was split from Nagaon district. It has a population of 9,57,853 (as per 2011 census) of which 4,85,328 are male and 4,72,525 female. The district possesses a density of 618 in 2011 compared to 500 of 2001 and average literacy rate of Morigaon in 2011 were 69.37 compared to 58.53 of 2001.

Name of the Project: Greater Mayong Piped Water Supply Scheme (Greater Mayong PWSS)

Following is shown the names of the selected 16 GPs along with its concerned SOs		
BLOCK NAMES	GP NAMES	NAMES OF SECTIONAL OFFICERS ASSIGNED BY PHED
Bhur-Bandha	Azarbari	Abdul Malik
Bhur-Bandha	Baghara	Abdul Malik
Mayang	DakhinDharamtul	Abdul Malik

Mayang	Telahi	Abdul Malik
Mayang	Uttar Dharamtul	Abdul Malik
Mayang	Baghjap	RajuSarma
Mayang	BohaBorjari	RajuSarma
Mayang	Borpak	RajuSarma
Mayang	Dungabori	RajuSarma
Mayang	JagiBhakatGaon	RajuSarma
Mayang	Paliguri	RajuSarma
Mayang	Deosal	SailenDeka
Mayang	Gova	SailenDeka
Mayang	Jagiroad	SailenDeka
Mayang	Nellie	SailenDeka
Mayang	Silsang	SailenDeka